

Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind Community Liaison Group

April 2023



Agenda

Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind - CLG

<u>Item</u>	<u>ı</u> :	<u>liming (approx.)</u>
1	Coffee and tea	10 mins
2	Chair's welcome and introductions	5 mins
3	Project Update	5 mins
4	Presentation of onshore substation design option	25 mins
5	Consultation next steps	10 mins
4	Question and answer session / discussion on future topics	5 mins
5	AOB	5 mins
6	Chair's closing remarks and next steps / next meeting	5 mins





A quick reminder of what we hope to achieve with these Community Liaison Groups...

Our Aims ...

- To involve key local stakeholders in the design and development of the Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind project (landfall, onshore cable route and substation) through presentations, discussions and planned workshop activities.
- To act as a **two-way communication channel** between local communities and the project team.
- To help foster local involvement and ownership of the project.

To facilitate focused discussions and ensure attendees can make the most out of the CLG's – it is intended for these groups to be focused on concerns/issues / thoughts relative to their specific local area.

The Project Partners

Outer Dowsing Offshore Wind is being developed jointly by TotalEnergies, Corio Generation (part of the Green Investment Group) and Gulf Energy

TotalEnergies is a global multi-energy company that produces and markets energies: oil and biofuels, natural gas and green gases, renewables and electricity.

It's over 100,000 employees are committed to energy that is ever more affordable, cleaner, more reliable and accessible to as many people as possible. Active in more than 130 countries, TotalEnergies puts sustainable development in all its dimensions at the heart of its projects and operations to contribute to the well-being of people.

Corio Generation is a Green Investment Group (GIG) portfolio company, operating on a standalone basis. GIG is a specialist green investor within Macquarie Asset Management, part of Macquarie Group.

With a unique blend of sector-leading expertise and deep access to long-term capital, Corio Generation applies a long-term partnership approach to the creation and management of projects, taking them from origination, through development and construction, and into operations.

Gulf Energy Development (GULF) is a holding company based in Thailand that invests in a portfolio of energy, infrastructure, and digital and telecommunications businesses.

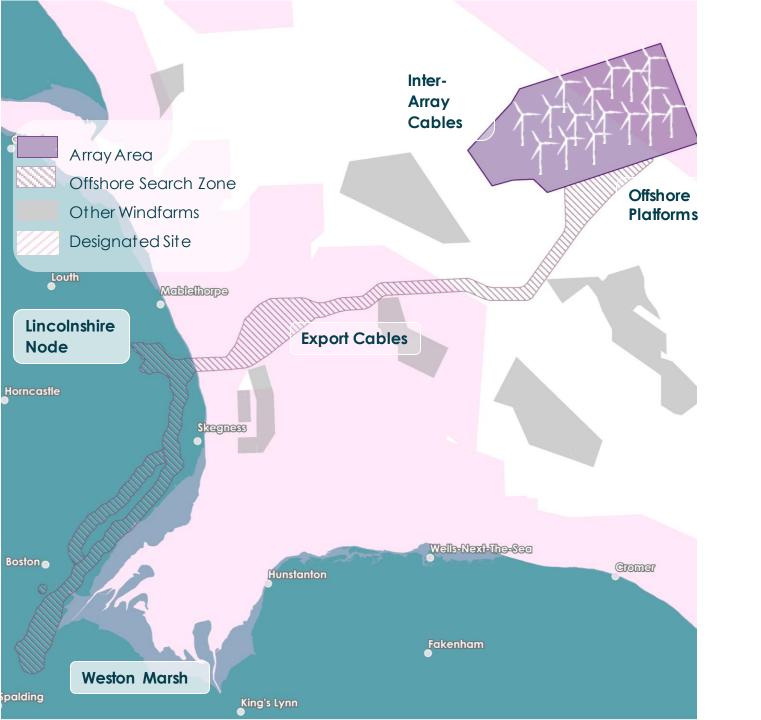
As one of Thailand's largest private power producers with over 20 GW of gas-fired and renewable capacity, GULF is committed to supporting the energy transition to create sustainable shared value in all spheres where it operates.













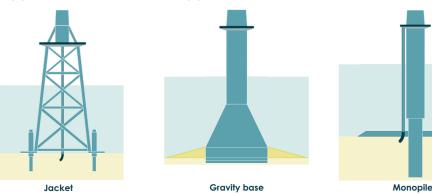
Our Offshore Proposal

The offshore elements of The Project consist of an offshore wind turbine array, located approximately 54 km east of the Lincolnshire coast, along with offshore platforms, and export cables and array cables to connect the electricity generated to the National Grid.

Wind Turbine Array Area

The Project design envelope allows for a maximum of 100 wind turbines, with a maximum tip height of **403m LAT** (m).

Typical Foundation Types





Our Onshore Proposals



- Landfall **south of Anderby Creek** (there is only one landfall search zone as this has been assessed as the optimum search zone for both connection options);
- Underground cables would continue underground to one of two different connection points still under consideration by National Grid;
- a connection to the existing overhead line circuits at Weston Marsh (north of Spalding) or;
- to a proposed new National Grid connection point, Lincolnshire Node, (east of Alford).

Alternative Route Option Search Zone



Scheduled Monument

Alternative Route Option Indicative Cable Corridor

Designated Site



Original Onshore Cable Corridor



Substation Search Zone

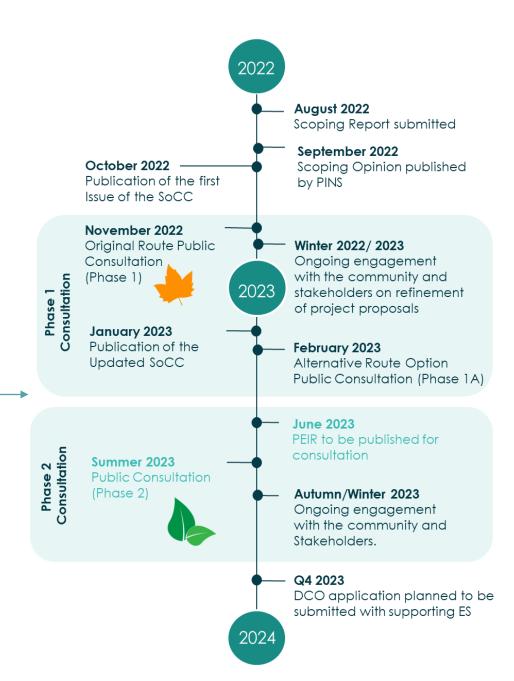


Original Onshore Search Zone

Programme

We are here





Public Consultation Events to date

November 2022

Original Route Public Consultation (Phase 1)



4x Public Information Days c. 500 attendees

- 2 Webinars, Online virtual exhibition, Questionnaires / feedback forms, Freephone, Email, social media
- 4x Community Liaison Groups established with all affected
 Parish Councils & Landowner Interest Group established
- Winter Newsletter summarising feedback and introducing Phase 1A Consultation

February 2023

Alternative Route Option Public Consultation (Phase 1A)

2x Public Information Days c. 300 attendees

- 2 Webinars, Online virtual exhibition, Questionnaires / feedback forms, Freephone, Email, social media
- 4x Community Liaison Groups met with additional affected Parish Councils & Landowner Interest Group met
- **Spring Newsletter** summarising feedback and next steps









Newsletter – Spring 2023





Theme	Comments	Response
Alternative route proposals	The general feedback was that this was a good route as it affected fewer residential properties and avoided the engineering issues raised at Phase 1.	These comments will be fed back to the development team to help with the production of the Preliminary Environmental Information Report, the next step in the consultation process.
Energy costs	A number of respondents asked whether the project would make a difference to the energy bills of people in the local area.	The cost of energy crisis is a broad issue and one that this project cannot solve on its own. However, the Outer Dowsing scheme will increase supply of renewable energy into the Grid, providing enough electricity to power 1.6 million homes with clean, green electricity.
Biodiversity and environmental enhancements	Several people commented that they would like to see an environmental corridor/green grid, with an increase in relevant biodiversity.	We are actively looking into opportunities where we can provide Biodiversity Net Gain as part of the Project and are talking to local organisations who may be able to help us deliver these aims.
Consultation quality	A number of attendees at the events commented on how well the information was presented and that it was easy to understand. They also wanted the Project to keep in regular contact at a local level.	We are delighted that attendees found the exhibition useful. We will take on board these comments when designing the exhibition for the Phase 2 consultation in the summer. We will continue to hold regular community liaison groups and communicate via newsletters and the website.
Supporting local projects	We received a lot of feedback on how other projects in the area delivered community benefit in the form of a Community Benefit Fund, with suggestions on how we could support with funding local projects	We are keen to offer a community benefit fund with an aim to deliver a substantive and enduring benefit to local communities. We are talking to local organisations who may be able to help us deliver these aims.
The effects of previous schemes on local communities	People highlighted concerns regarding previous schemes in the area. It was acknowledged that whilst some aspects could have perhaps been handled better, there was also a lot of good practices the scheme could learn from.	We aim to learn from what worked well for other schemes and also what didn't work so well. Our aim is to deliver a traffic, construction and operations programme that has been shaped by local input and views.

Gathering environmental data



Onshore Surveys

- Ornithology wintering bird surveys
- Ecology Phase 1 Habitat surveys & protected species surveys
- Archaeology geophysical and trial trenching investigations
- Engineering geotechnical, topographical, soil thermal resistivity
- Traffic & Transport traffic counts
- Visual photomontages of substation
- Geology & hydrology flow rates, filtration, drainage
- Aerial Photography Hi-res aerial imagery, vegetation survey and Lidar
- Meteorology weather & climate

Offshore Surveys

- Geophysical & Geotechnical
- Metocean & wind resource
- Ornithology & Marine Mammals
- Benthic ecology
- Marine Traffic Surveys













Onshore Geotechnical Survey



Scope

- Up to 25 Geotechnical boreholes (15-30m deep)
- Trial Pits (3m x 2m)
- Cone Penetration Tests (CPTs)



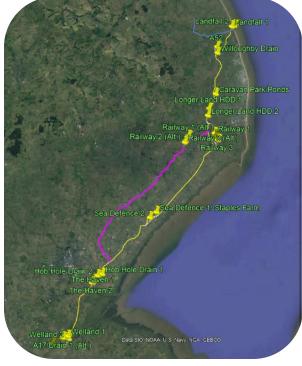
Mid-May-~6 weeks

Stakeholder Engagement

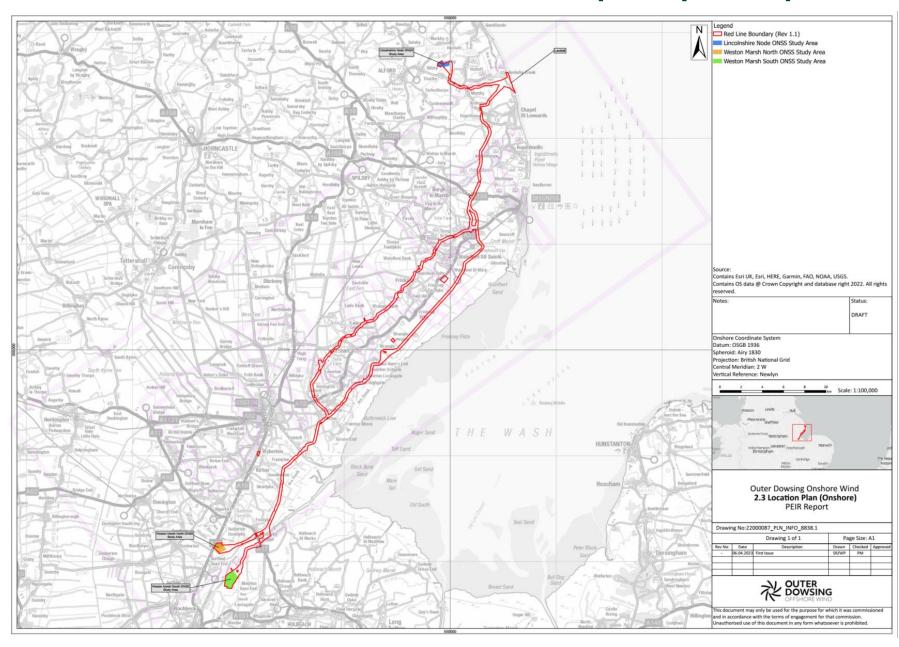
- Natural England
- Lincolnshire Wildlife Trust
- The Crown Estate
- ELDC, LCC & Parish Councils
- Site Notices for beach at Wolla Bank
- Access arrangements
- Intrusive Survey Licenses from landowners









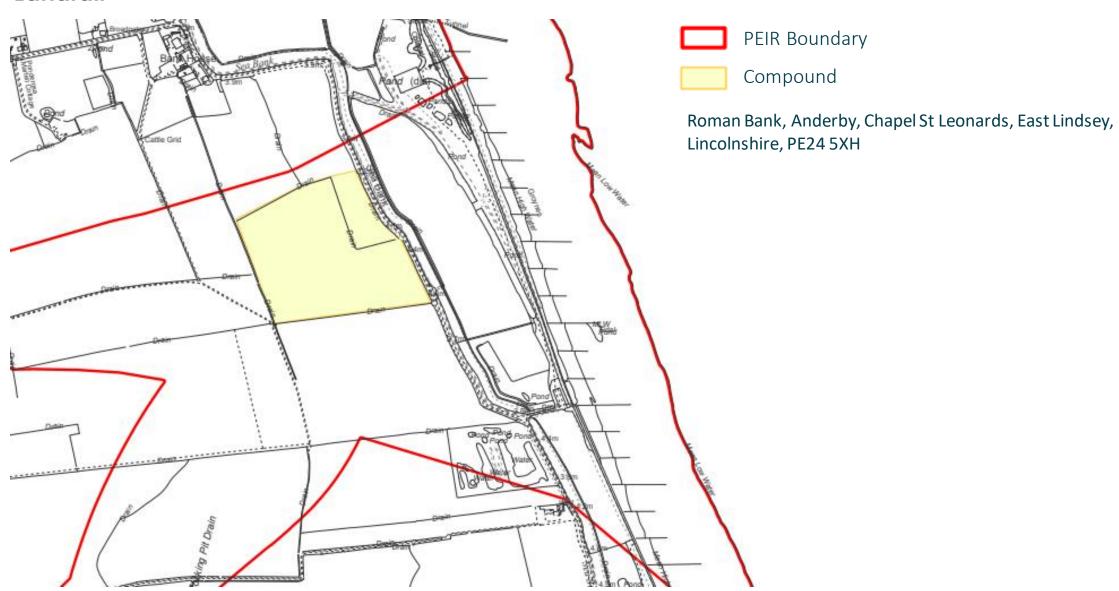




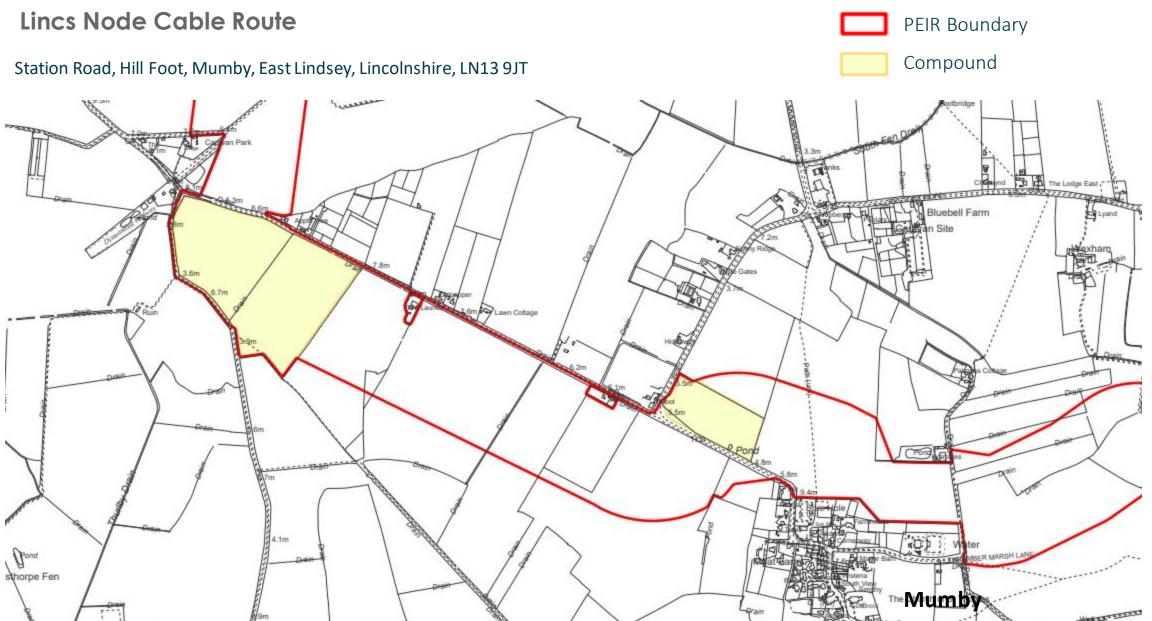
CLG – Substation North



Landfall





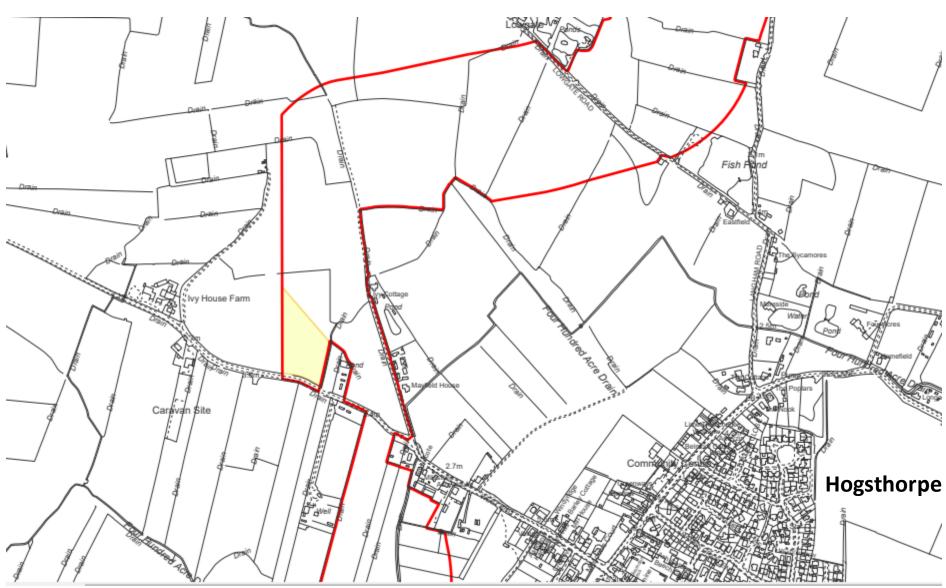




CLG – Cable Route North



Weston Marsh North Cable Route

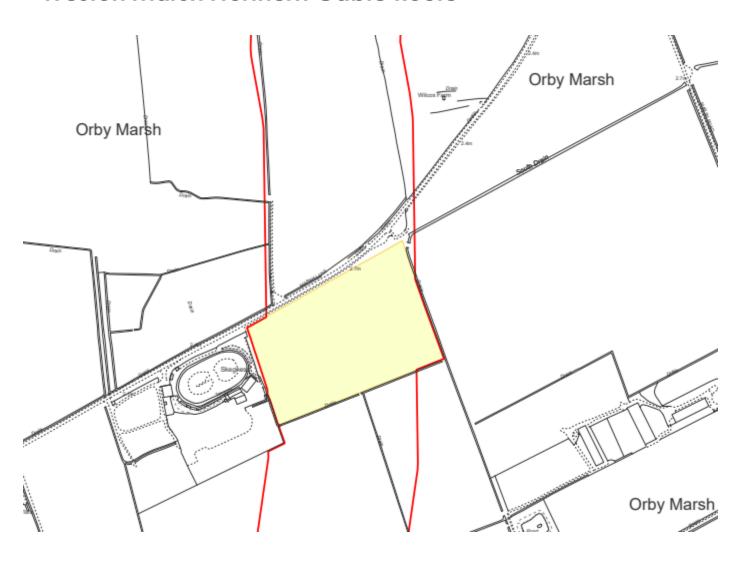




Bracken Lane, South End, Ingle Nook, Hogsthorpe, Mumby, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire, LN13 9SG



Weston Marsh Northern Cable Route

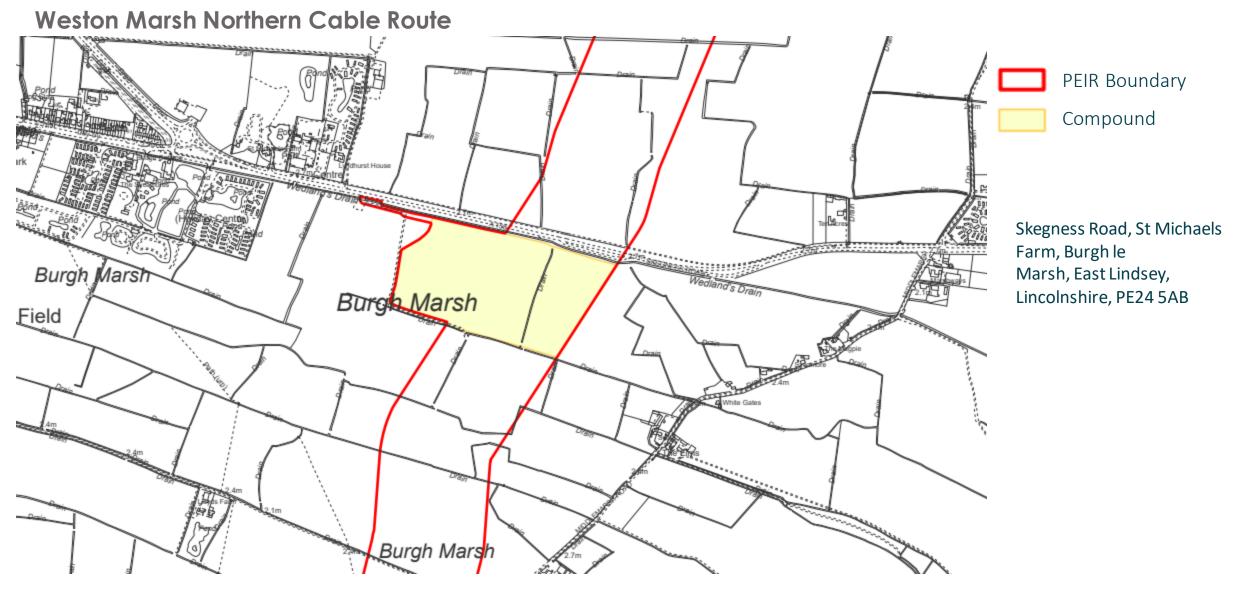


PEIR Boundary

Compound

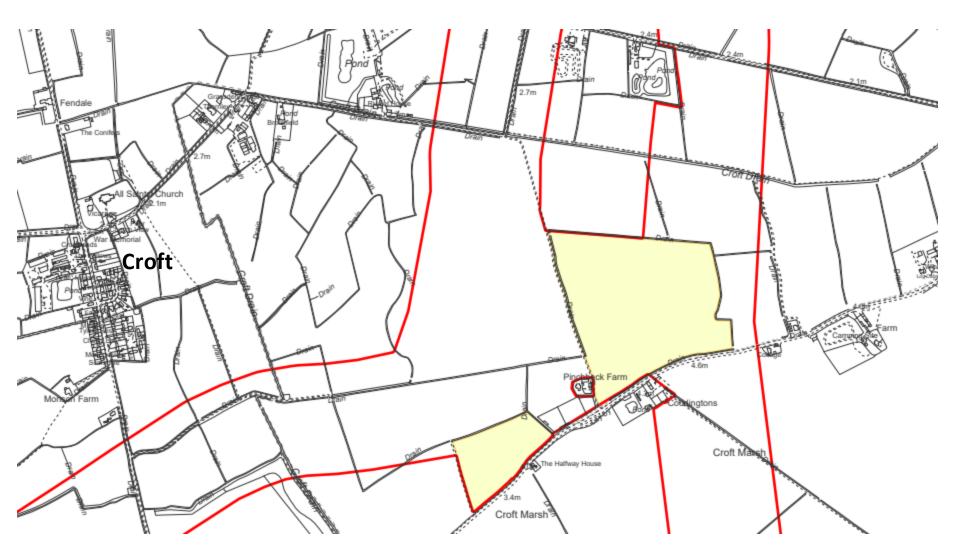
Skegness Stadium, Marsh Lane, The Holding, Orby, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire, PE24 5JA

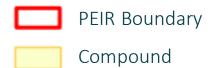




OUTER DOWSING

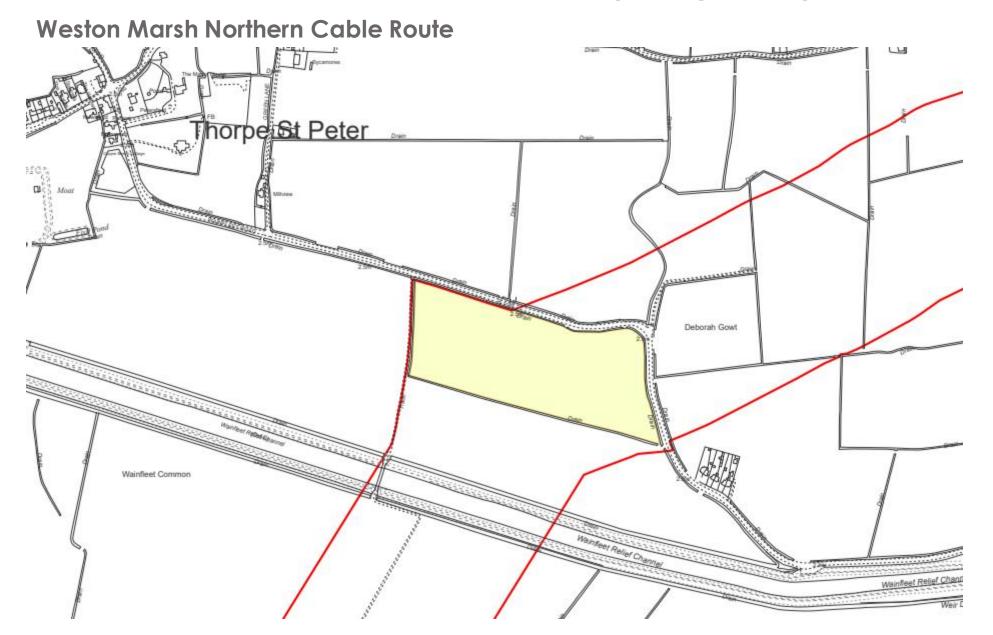
Weston Marsh Northern Cable Route





Pinchbeck Lane, Rivulet House, Croft, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire, PE24 4RY



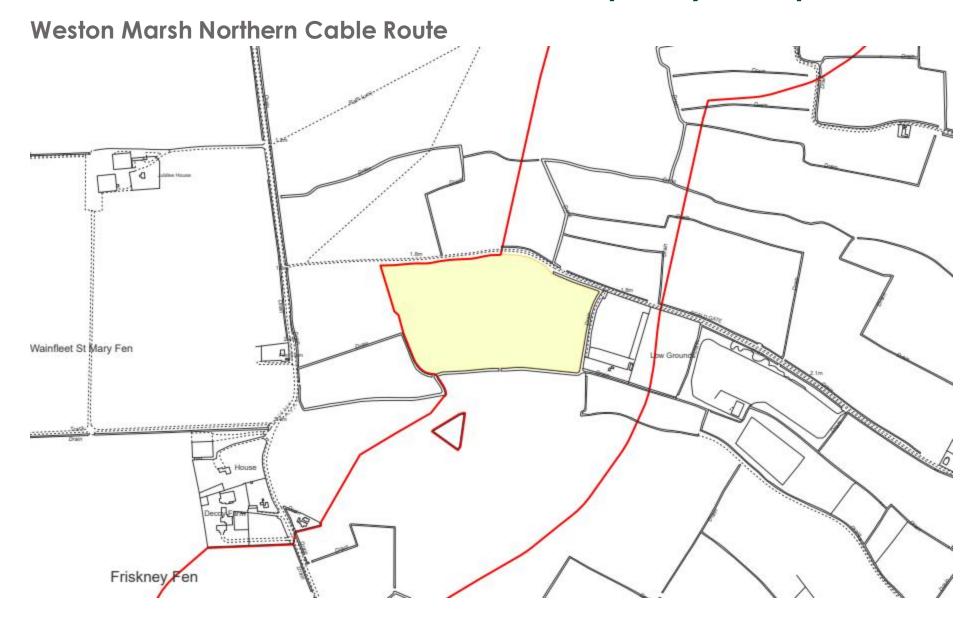


PEIR Boundary

Compound

Wainfleet Road, Ivy Cottage, Thorpe St. Peter, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire, PE24 4NS



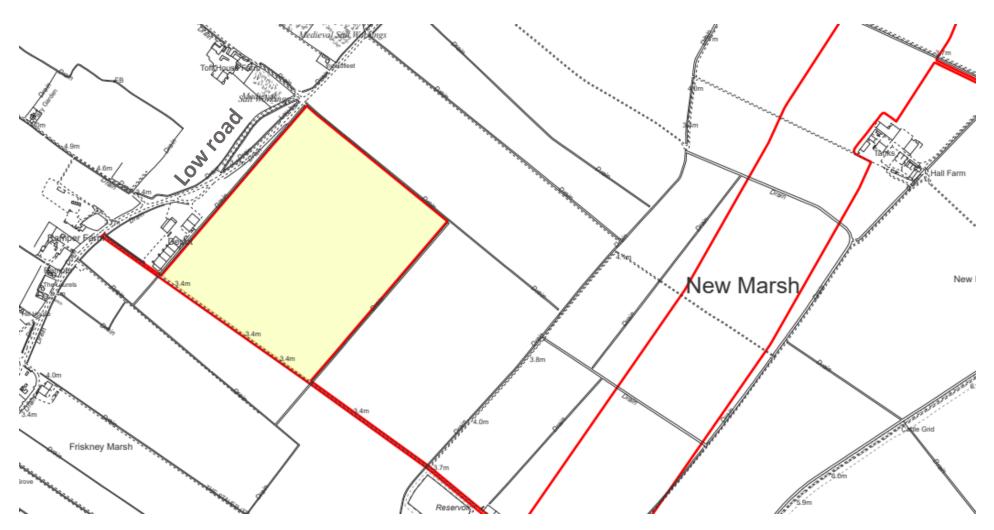


PEIR Boundary
Compound

Hallgate Road, Church Cottages, Wainfleet St Mary, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire, PE24 4JT



Weston Marsh Northern Cable Route



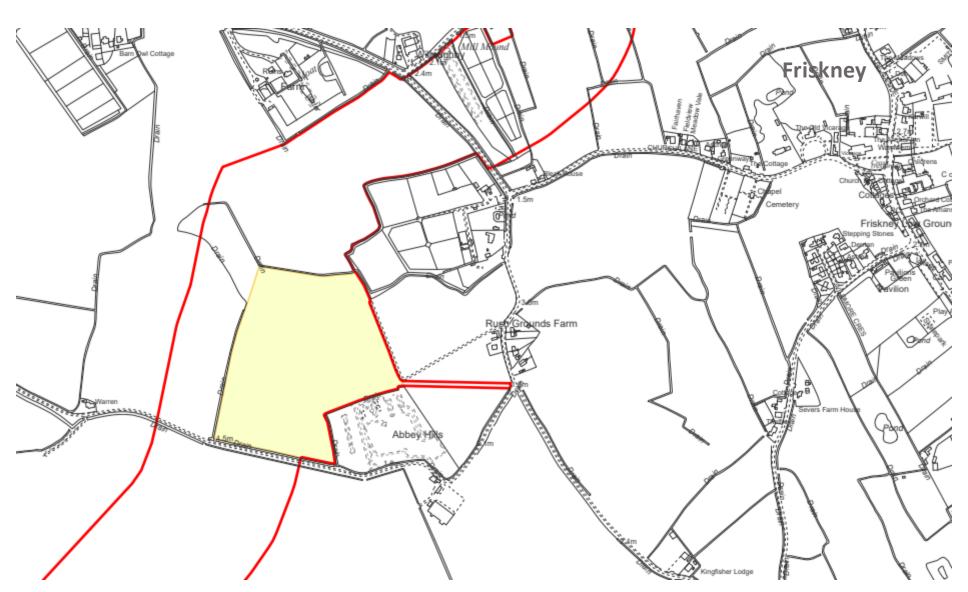
PEIR Boundary

Compound

Brays Farm, Boston Road, Toft House Farm, Wainfleet St Mary, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire, PE24 4HJ

OUTER DOWSING

Weston Marsh Northern Cable Route

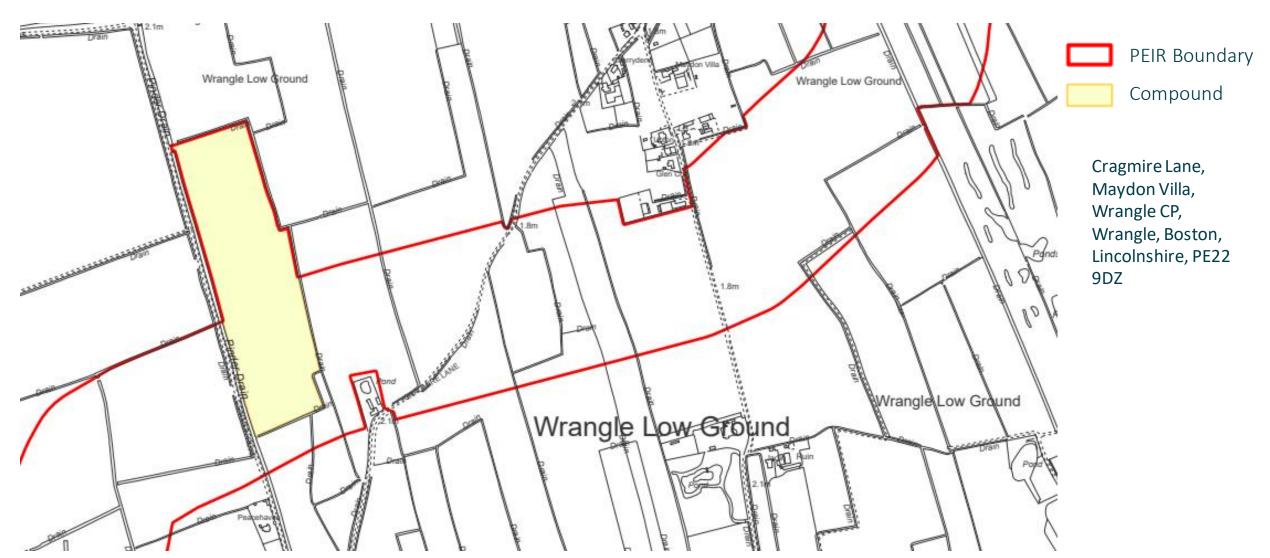




Small End, The Rookery, Friskney, East Lindsey, Lincolnshire, PE22 8PQ

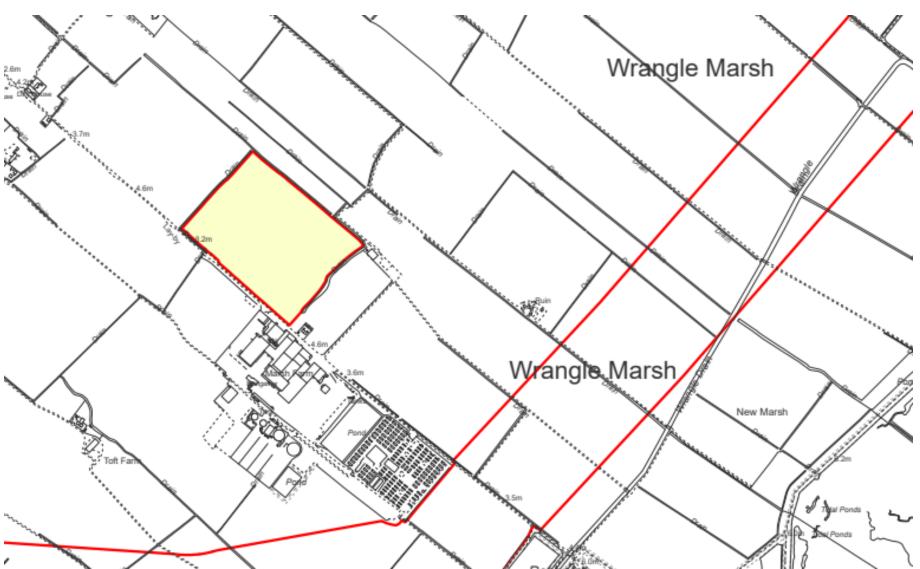


Weston Marsh Northern Cable Route





Weston Marsh Northern Cable Route





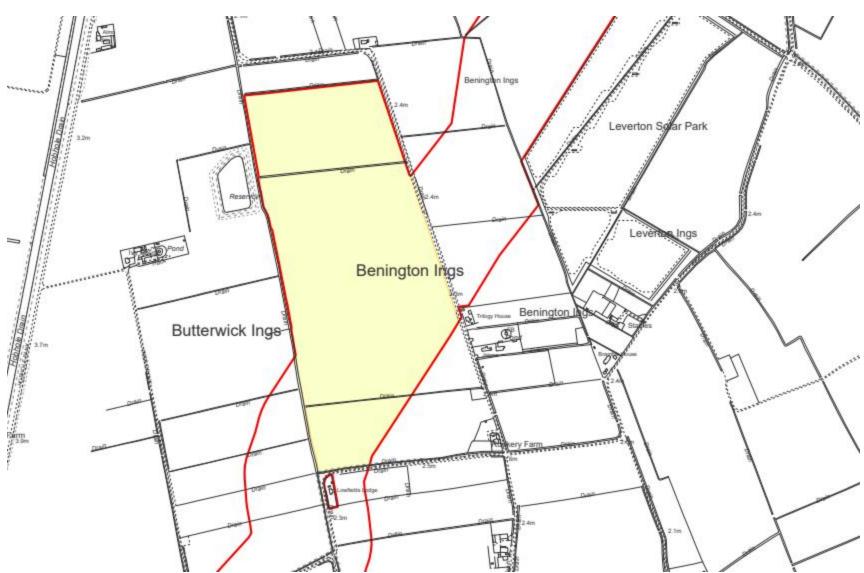
Sea Lane, Marsh Farm, Wrangle CP, Wrangle, Boston, Lincolnshire, PE22 9HE



CLG – Cable Route South

OUTER DOWSING

Weston Marsh Southern Cable Route

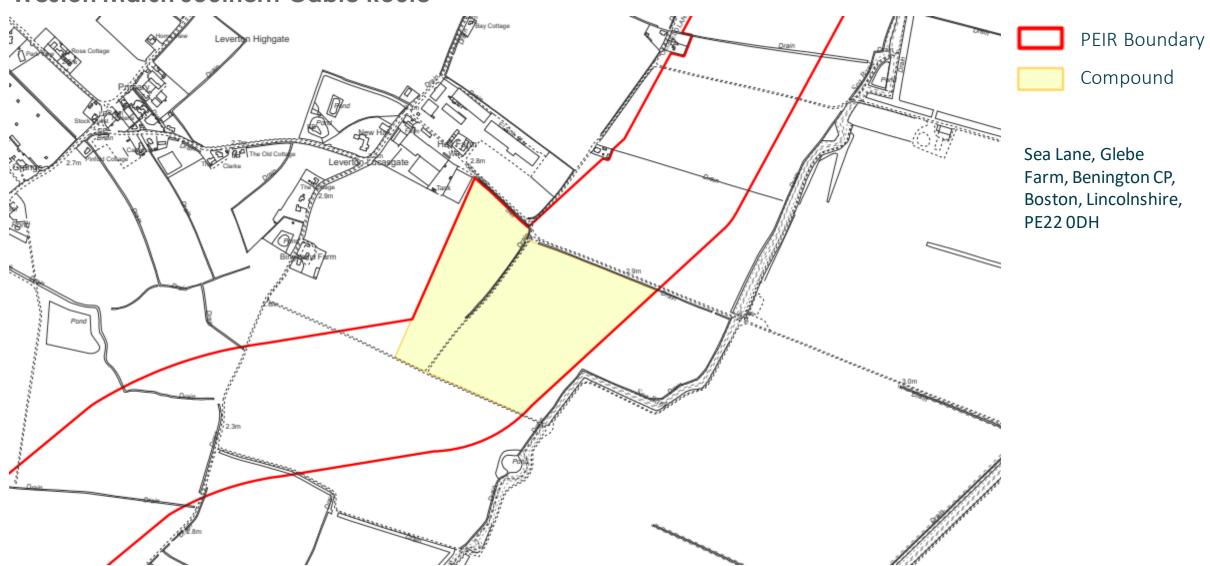




Ings Road, Southway, Benington CP, Boston, Lincolnshire, PE22 OPZ

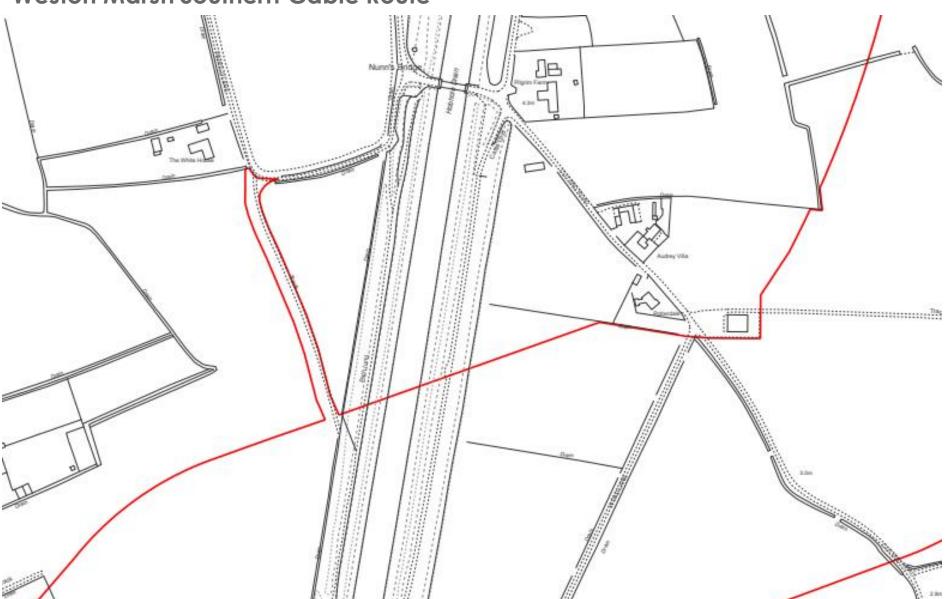


Weston Marsh Southern Cable Route





Weston Marsh Southern Cable Route

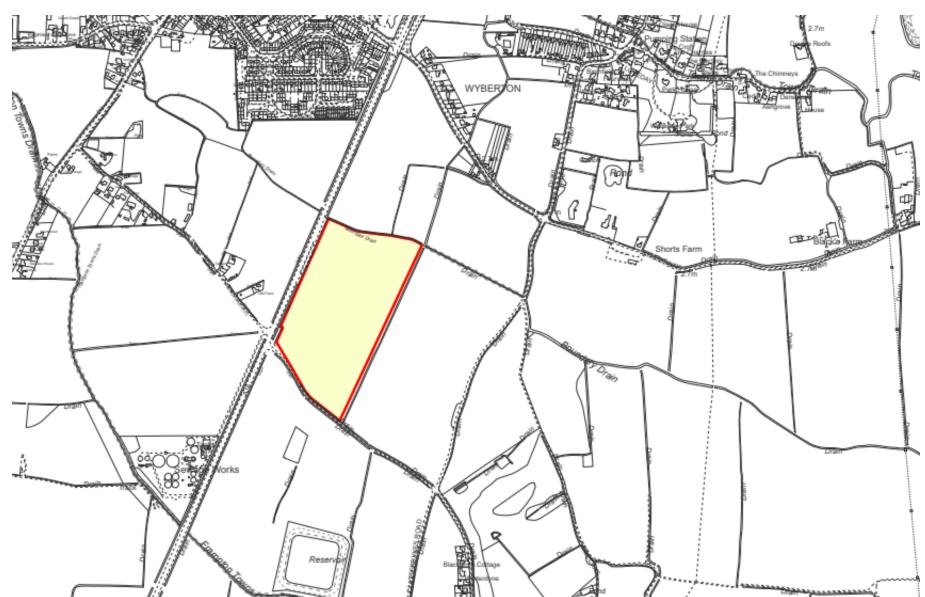




Hobhole Bank,
Pinfold Lane, Laurel
Farm, Fishtoft CP,
Fishtoft, Boston,
Lincolnshire, PE21
OSL

OUTER DOWSING OFFSHORE WIND

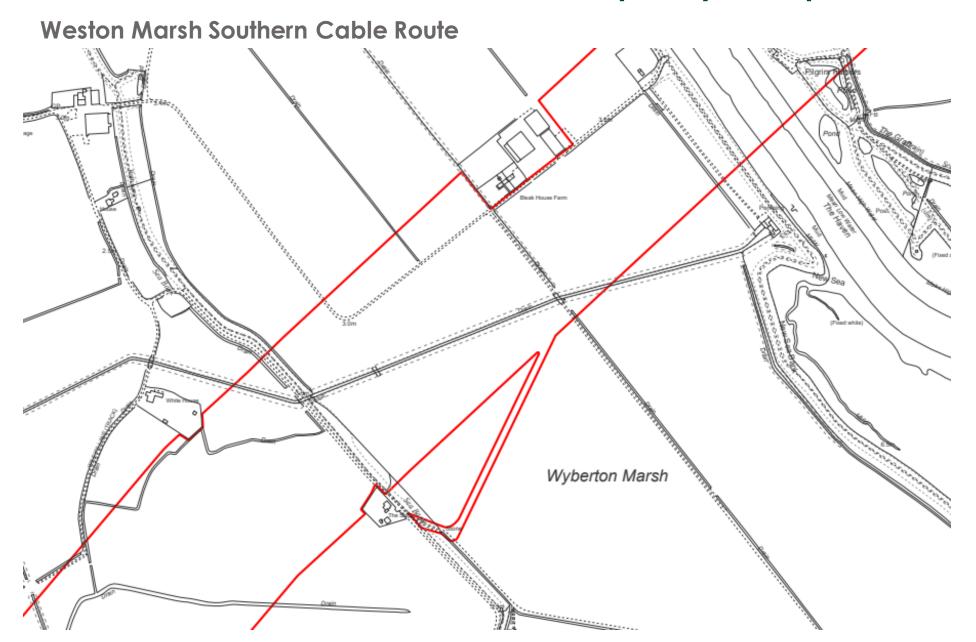
Weston Marsh Southern Cable Route





A16, Old Farm, Frampton CP, Wyberton, Boston, Lincolnshire, PE20 1EB







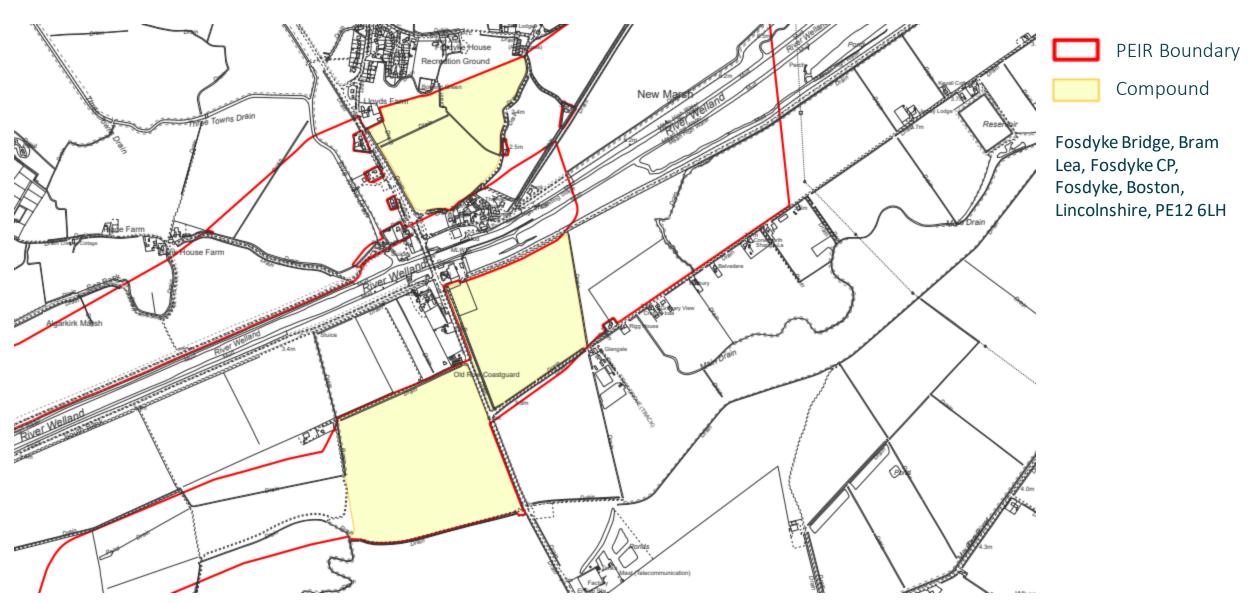
Bleak House Farm, 3, Wyberton Roads, Bank House, Wyberton CP, Boston, Lincolnshire, PE20 1BD



CLG – Substation South



Weston Marsh Substation South







Our Onshore Substation Study Areas

Until a final grid connection is confirmed, we have **two study areas** for the onshore substation & associated infrastructure required to connect to the National Grid transmission system.

Weston Marsh connection option

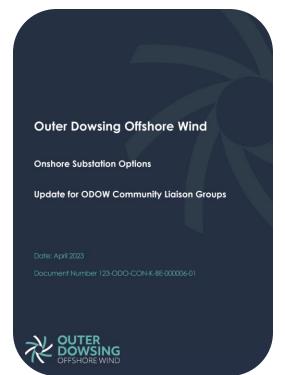
 Here there would be the Outer Dowsing substation & a National Grid Customer Substation. Some overhead line modifications will be required at, or near to, the ODOW/National Grid substation(s) to facilitate the connection of our project at this location.

Lincolnshire Node connection option

 Here there would be the Outer Dowsing substation & we would be connected to the planned National Grid wider reinforcement works, this is likely to require a larger footprint, however the details of these plans are not yet known.

Substation Options – Design Parameters





ODOW Consent Stage	W Consent Stage ODOW OnSS Site Options		ODOW OnSS Technology		
	LN	WM	WM	AIS	GIS
		North	South		
Land engagement and options	Х	X	Χ	Х	Х
Environmental surveys	Х	X	Χ	Χ	Х
Preliminary Environmental Information	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Report (PEIR)					
Phase 2 Consultation	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Final Environmental Statement	ment Single ODOW OnSS		Х	Х	
DCO application		adopted site option			Х
DCO project authorisation					Х
Detailed design acceptance (Local Planning	cceptance (Local Planning		Final ODOW OnSS		
Authority)				detailed design	

Design aspect	Technology /	Max. Parameter	Max. Height
	Site	Footprint	
Temporary construction area	AIS / GIS	27ha (270,000m²)	-
Permanent overall site area	AIS / GIS	18ha (180,000m²)	-
Operational area	AIS	9.27ha (92,700m²)	12m
Operational area	GIS	7.26ha (72,600m²)	12m
GIS building (footprint included in above)	GIS	0.45ha (4,500m²)	19m
Lightning protection masts	AIS / GIS		30m
Floor level raising above existing ground	WM only		1m
level			







Memo issued to CLG members on 13th April

- Both Air Insulated Substation (AIS) and Gas Insulate Substation (GIS) being considered
- A set of maximum parameters have been defined, to create an 'envelope' for assessment that will accommodate any of the options under consideration.
- The detailed design of the ODOW OnSS will be undertaken post-consent with the envelope defined in the DCO and assessed in the ES.

Onshore Substation Visualisations



For the purpose of presenting a Realistic Worst Case (RWC) Scenario, all the visualisations at this stage assume a GIS footprint. It should be noted, while the adopted layouts may represent a worst case in respect of specific topics or receptors, in others it may not. The individual topic chapters in the PEIR will each outline how the ONSS has been assessed to reflect a RWC for each technical assessment.



National Grid Onshore Substation



- In addition to the ODOW OnSS, a National Grid Onshore Substation (NG OnSS) and associated enabling works will be required at, or near to, the ODOW OnSS.
- For a connection at the proposed Lincolnshire Node location, NGET proposes to build a new overhead line and new NGET substation to accommodate multiple connections. Our current understanding is that the NG OnSS would be located within the onshore substation search zone presented at our Phase 1 and 1A Consultation events and would be connected to the ODOW OnSS by underground cables.
- The Lincolnshire Node scheme was proposed by National Grid several years before ODOW approached National Grid for a connection and it is a strategic proposal relating to reinforcement of the wider transmission network rather than being instigated to serve any individual development.
- For a connection at the proposed WM North and WM South locations into the existing NGET overhead line, new NGET infrastructure will be required to facilitate a connection for ODOW. Based on other similar connections this will likely consist of a new NGET substation and localised alterations to the overhead lines to form the connection.
- The NG OnSS could utilise AIS or GIS technology and it is likely that the necessary infrastructure will be
 designed and constructed by NGET.

Substation Options – Site Selection Criteria



Developable plot criteria:

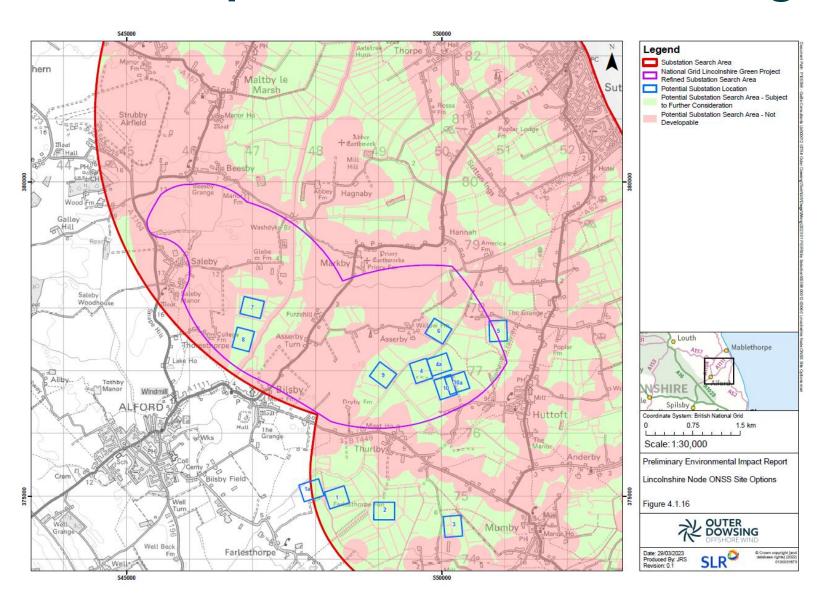
- Close proximity to the National Grid area of search
- Providing an area of land large enough to meet the requirements of the Project OnSS
- As far as possible, free from environmentally sensitive receptors
- Not within 200m of any occupied building.

Environmental constraints appraisal considering the following issues:

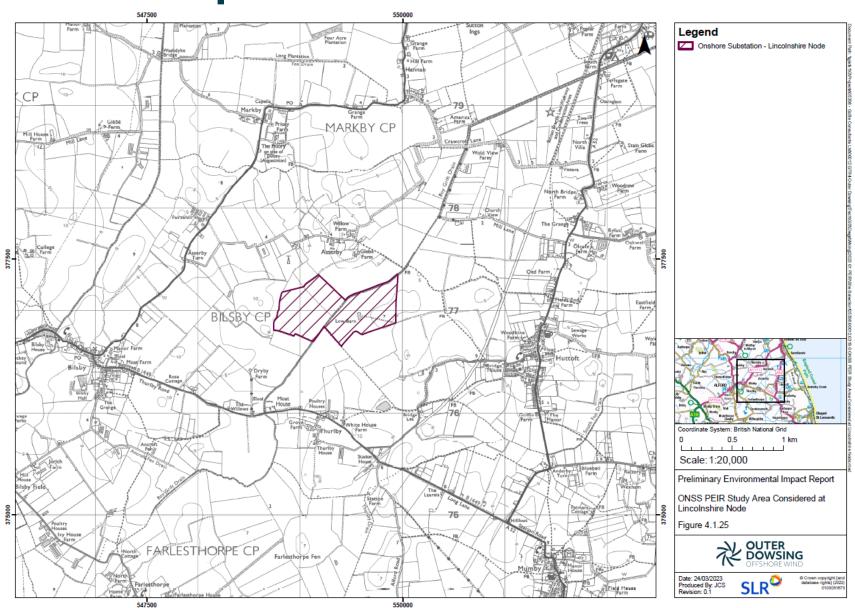
- Air quality
- Archaeology and cultural heritage
- Ecology and ornithology
- Geology and ground conditions
- Hydrology and flood risk
- Land use
- Noise and vibration
- Traffic and transport
- Landscape and visual assessment
- Planning

Substation Options – Lincs Node Long List

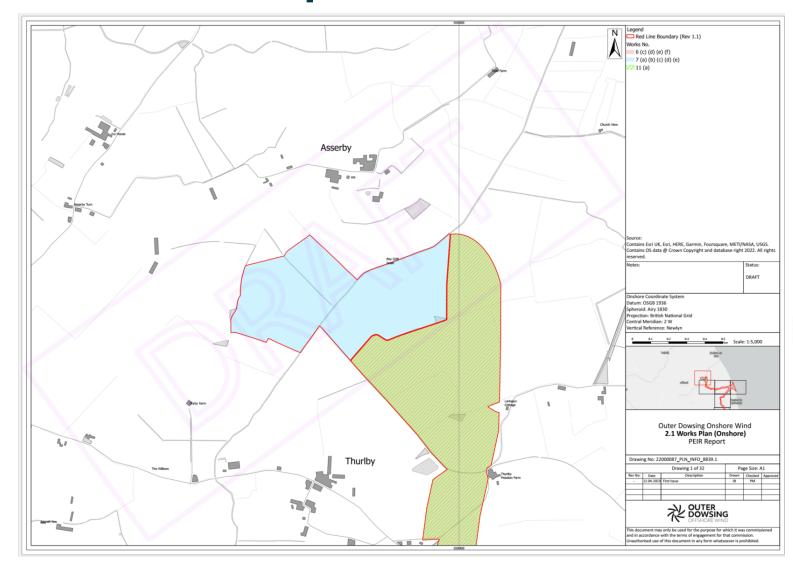


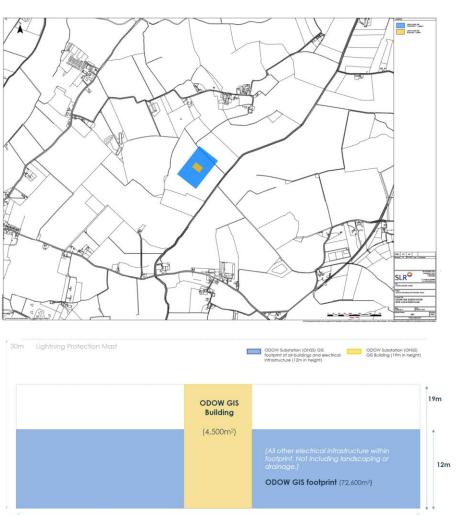












1x ONSS

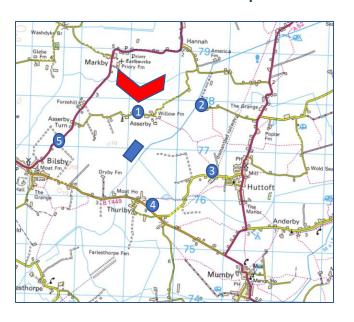








Lincolnshire Node Viewpoint 1: Asserby Road



ODOW Substation (ONSS) GIS footprint of all buildings and electrical Infrastructure (12m in height)



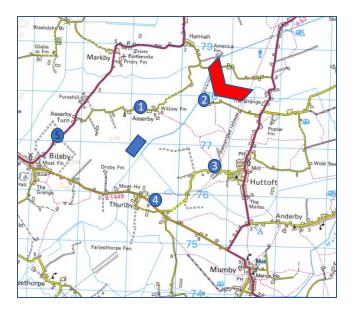


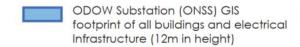






Lincolnshire Node Viewpoint 2: Mill Lane













Lincolnshire Node Viewpoint 5: Bilsby

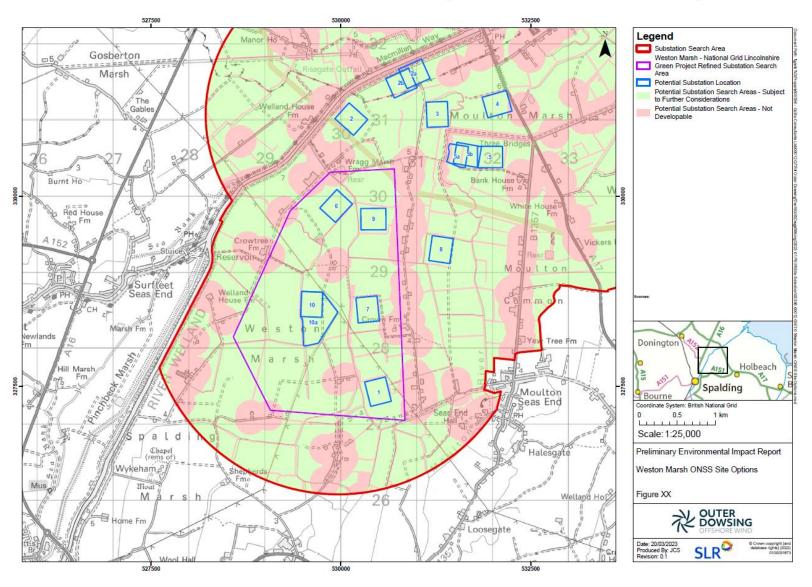


ODOW Substation (ONSS) GIS footprint of all buildings and electrical Infrastructure (12m in height)



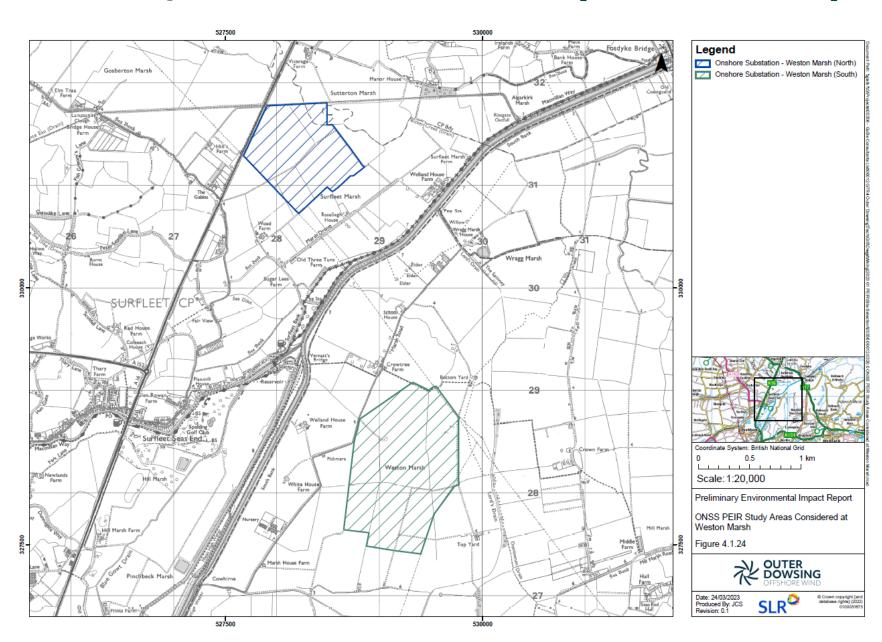
Substation Options – Weston Marsh (North & South)



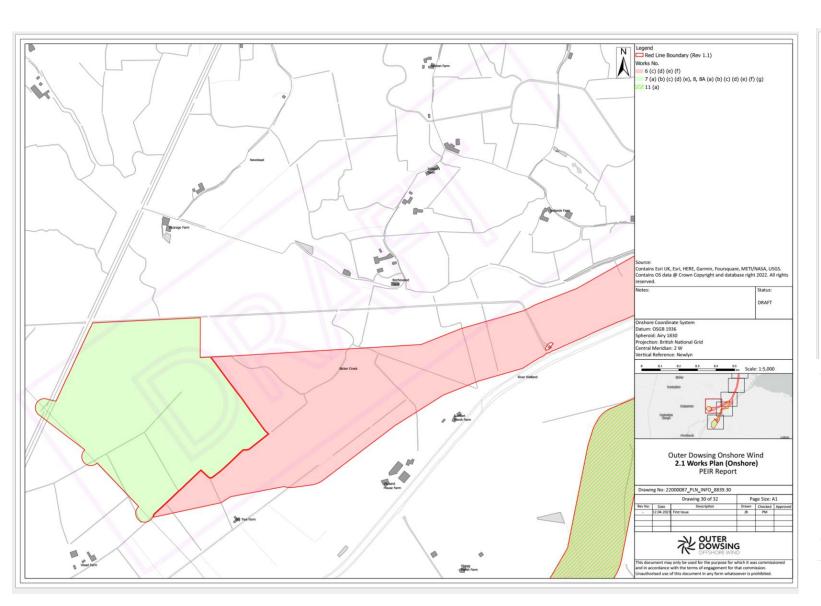


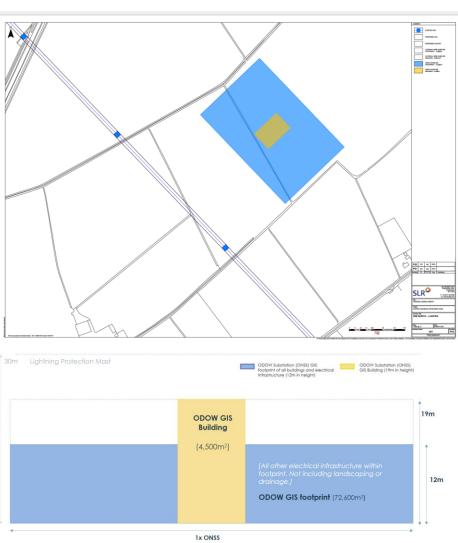
Substation Options – Weston Marsh (North & South)











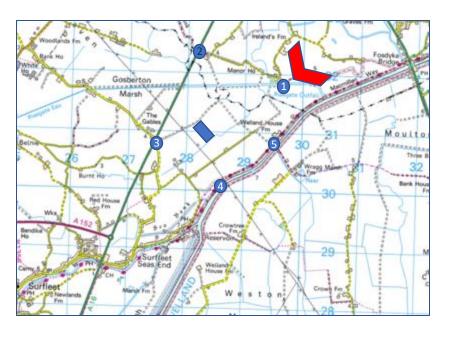


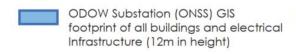






Weston Marsh North Viewpoint 1: Marsh Lane near Manor House







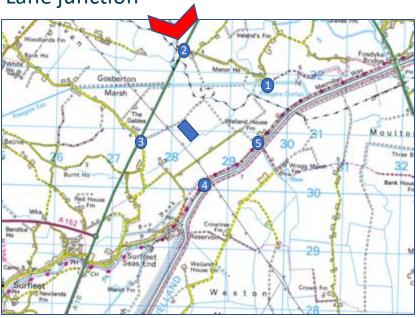


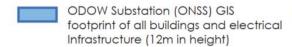






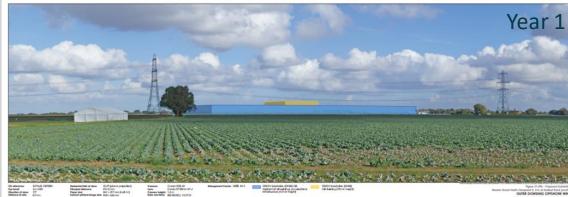
Weston Marsh North Viewpoint 2: A16 near Marsh Lane junction





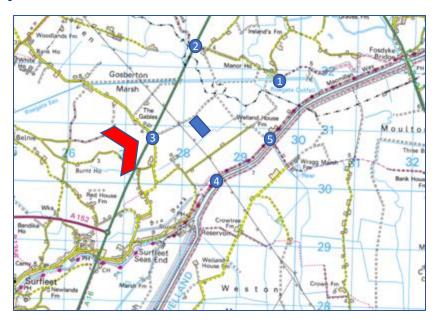








Weston Marsh North Viewpoint 3: A16 at Surfleet Bank junction



ODOW Substation (ONSS) GIS footprint of all buildings and electrical Infrastructure (12m in height)



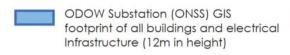






Weston Marsh North Viewpoint 4: Macmillan Way at Surfleet Bank















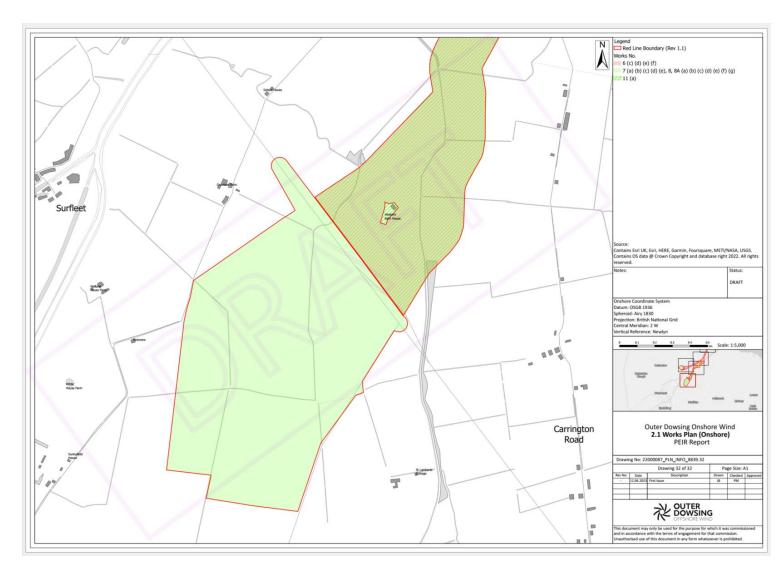
Weston Marsh North Viewpoint 5: Macmillan Way near Welland House Farm

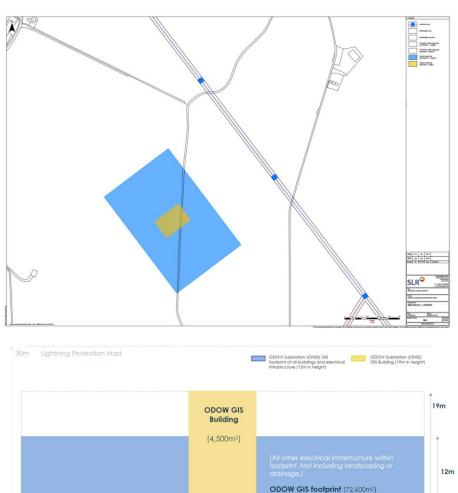










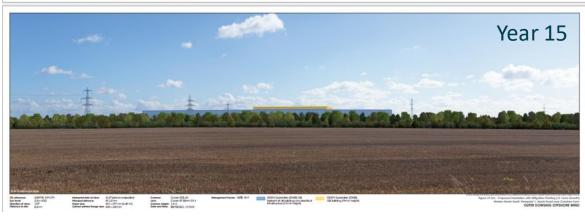


1x ONSS

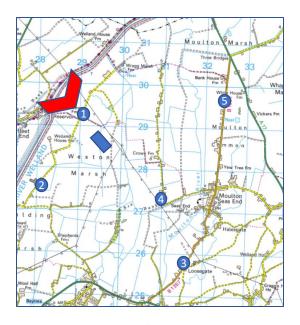








Weston Marsh South Viewpoint 1: Marsh Road near Crowtree Farm







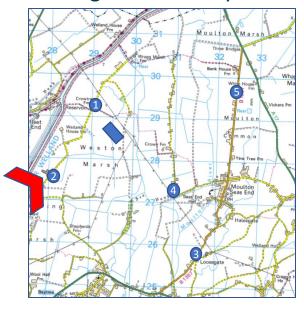








Weston Marsh South Viewpoint 2: Marsh Road near Kindergarten Nursery



ODOW Substation (ONSS) GIS footprint of all buildings and electrical Infrastructure (12m in height)









Weston Marsh South Viewpoint 3: B1357 near Loosegate



ODOW Substation (ONSS) GIS footprint of all buildings and electrical Infrastructure (12m in height)



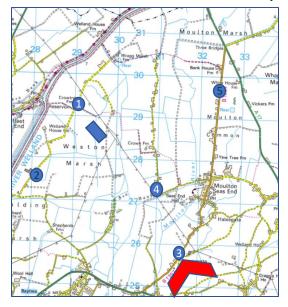








Weston Marsh South Viewpoint 4: Carrington Road south



ODOW Substation (ONSS) GIS footprint of all buildings and electrical Infrastructure (12m in height)



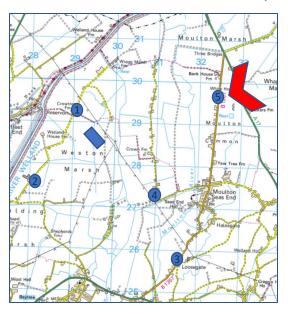








Weston Marsh South Viewpoint 5: B1357 Common Road north



ODOW Substation (ONSS) GIS footprint of all buildings and electrical Infrastructure (12m in height)

